









Drug use and awareness of health and policing initiatives at music festivals among people who regularly consume illicit stimula nts, 2019 and 2023

Antonia Karlsson, Rachel Sutherland and Amy Peacock

This report was prepared by the National Drug and Alcohol Research Centre, UNSW Sydney For further information:

Note. Most common strategies endorsed are included (see Supplement 2 for full list of strategies). Amongst national EDRS participants who had attended a music festival and commented, 2019 (n=538) and 2023 (n=462). Statistical significance for 2019 vs 2023 presented; \$<0.050; **p<0.010; ***p<0.001.

The vast majority of people who had attended a music festival in the past year had used alcohol; illicit drug use was also common. Most participants reported awareness of various health and policing initiatives at the last music festival they attended, most commonly on -site medical services. Awareness of policing initiatives like police drug detection dogs de creased in 2023 compared to 2019. Overall, these findings highlight the importance of the festival environment as a setting for reaching people with harm reduction information around alcohol an dother drugs.

References

[1] Santamarina Ret al. Drug-