

501(3)¹² or by a delegate of the Minister, before the visa was issued.

¹² s 501(3) of the Migration Act 1958 (Cth).



again to the Cr

In order to

agents involved

recommend that there should be greater access to legal assistance

can assist

likely decision to be made as early as possible in the process

[6.18.3]

< <https://www.legalaid.nsw.gov.au/eligibility-lawyers/policies> > 6.18.3 Civil law matters when-

Present levels of duplication associated with the merits review process

1. The present levels of duplication associated with the merits review process are high. This is due to the fact that the process is highly fragmented and lacks coordination. As a result, there is a significant amount of overlap in the work of different agencies and departments. This duplication of effort is costly and inefficient, and it hinders the ability of the system to deliver timely and effective services to the public.

Key findings

1. Duplication of effort is a major problem.

2. The current system is highly fragmented and lacks coordination. This leads to a significant amount of overlap in the work of different agencies and departments. As a result, there is a significant amount of duplication of effort, which is costly and inefficient. This duplication of effort hinders the ability of the system to deliver timely and effective services to the public.

Recommendations

1. The Government should establish a central body to coordinate the merits review process. This body should be responsible for identifying areas of duplication and developing strategies to eliminate them. It should also be responsible for monitoring the progress of these strategies and reporting to the Government on a regular basis.

Procedural fairness and access to justice

2. The current system is highly fragmented and lacks coordination. This leads to a significant amount of overlap in the work of different agencies and departments. As a result, there is a significant amount of duplication of effort, which is costly and inefficient. This duplication of effort hinders the ability of the system to deliver timely and effective services to the public.



require the best in

immigrants.

If a country's laws or policies are such that children could constitute

a danger to the community, the Government may refuse to grant

entry to such children. The Government may also refuse to grant

entry to such children if they are

Article 7 of the ICERD provides that no one shall be subjected to

discrimination on the basis of race, colour, sex, language, religion, political

opinion or other status. The Government may refuse to grant entry to

immigrants if they are of a race, colour, sex, language, religion, political

opinion or other status. The Government may also refuse to grant

entry to such immigrants if they are of a race, colour, sex, language,

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Migration Act 1958 (Cth) s 189.

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