

Research Team

Social Policy Research Centre

The confer of the contract of

Centre for Children and Young People, Southern Cross University

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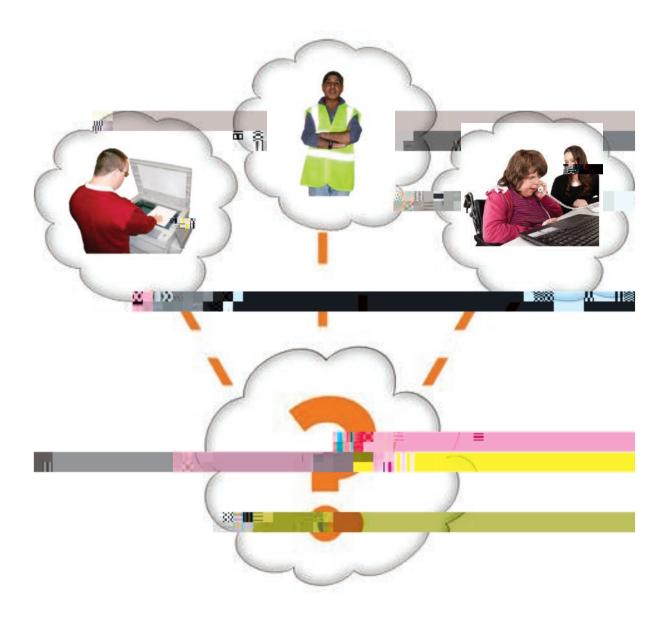
Community Researcher



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What do people with intellectual disability think about their jobs?





What is this report about?

This report is about what people with intellectual disability think of their jobs. It is about jobs in:



Open employment
This is having a job in any workplace with support.



ADEs
This is working at a workplace only for people with disability.



Social enterprises
This is working in a business set up to make sure people with disability are included.

In the report, people with intellectual disability talk about:

How they choose a job

How they find a job

How they keep their job

What they do if they want to change jobs

What was important about working in different jobs

What they like about different jobs

What they do not like about different jobs

Who did the research?

The Department of Human Services asked for the research to be done. They are part of the government.

The Social Policy Research Centre and Southern Cross University did the research.

Who took part?

51 people with intellectual disability were in the research. To take part they had to:

Have a job

Live in Sydney or Northern Rivers da ta08 Td (er)5(eb (4(d

What the research found

Choosing a job



The research found that some people could not choose what job to do, because:

Parents or teachers chose for them They did not have many options to choose from

Some other people could choose what job to do. They found it easiest to choose when there were:



People who helped them decide



Services that helped them decide



Chances to find out about and try different jobs

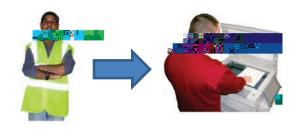
Changing jobs



The research found that lots of people in open employment had changed jobs when they didn't want to, because:

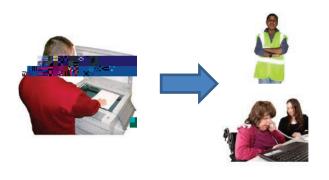
Their workplace closed down
It was a short job and it finished

Some people made their own decision to change jobs:



Sometimes this was moving from an ADE to open employment.

These people wanted better pay or to work with people without disability as well.



Sometimes this was moving from open employment to an ADE or social enterprise.

These people were treated badly in open employment and thought an ADE or social enterprise would feel safer.

What people thought was important about working





People in open employment, ADEs and social enterprises all said that the most important things about working were:

Having friends and getting to know other people at work
Getting paid



The next most important things to most people were:

Learning new skills
Having something to do
Having something to take part in





Some people also said that other things were important to them, including:

Feeling good at work
Having rights at work
Doing what they wanted with their lives

Mostly it was people working in open employment who mentioned feeling good, having rights and doing what they wanted to.

People working in social enterprises said that:

What happens now?

This information can be used to help know how to make working better for people with intellectual disability.

For example, it shows that:

People need more help to choose, find, keep and change jobs, especially in open employment

This help should include:

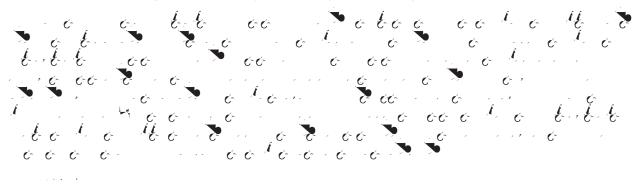
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Executive summary

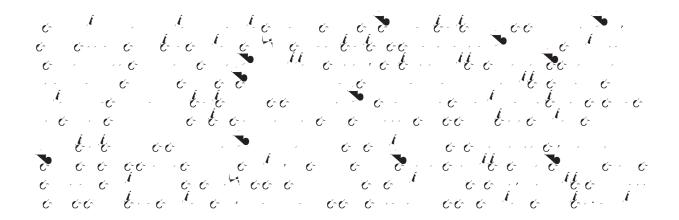
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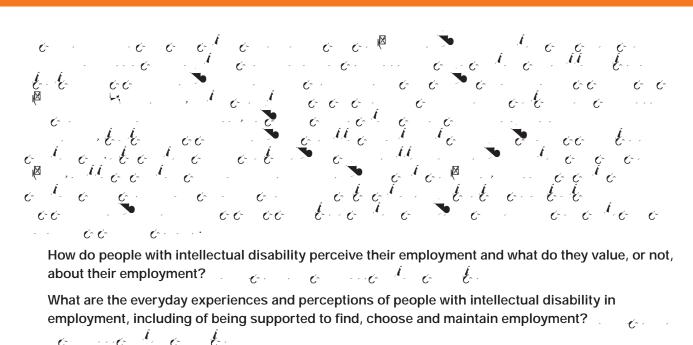
There needs to be support available to ensure that people with intellectual disability are making informed and supported choices about changing their employment type. This includes, but should not be limited to, assisting people who have had difficulty in either finding or maintaining work in open employment to consider staying with this employment type with a new employer or new DES, or to consider returning to open employment if they have already left.



Improving people with intellectual disability's employment outcomes should be considered one of the reasons for and factors in improving conditions in the entry-level and/or low-skilled end of



1. Introduction



How, and in what circumstances, are people with intellectual disability supported to change their employment choice?

What are the employment outcomes for people with intellectual disability in relation to social inclusion, social and economic participation and quality of life?



1.1 Terminology

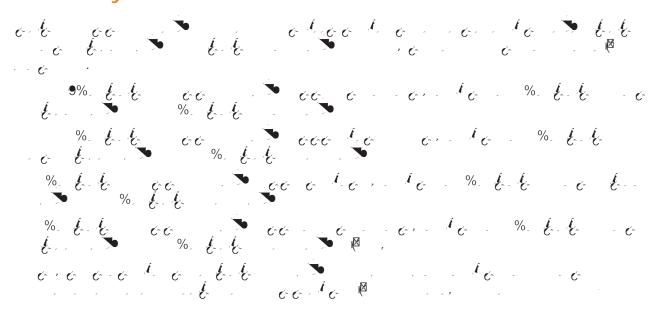


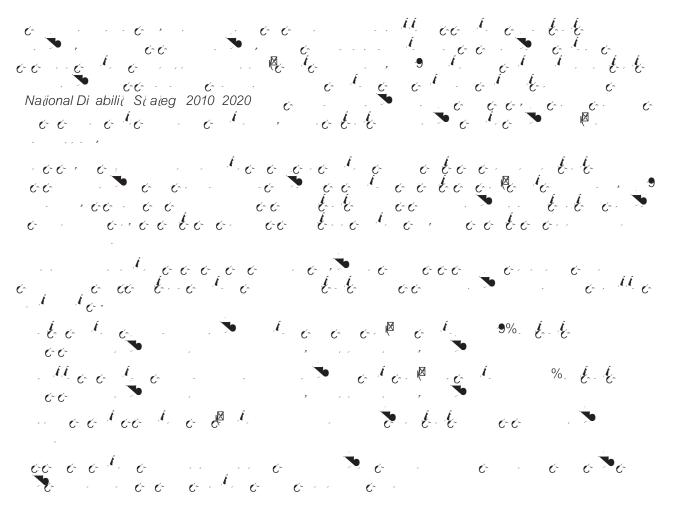
Table 1 Terminology used in this report

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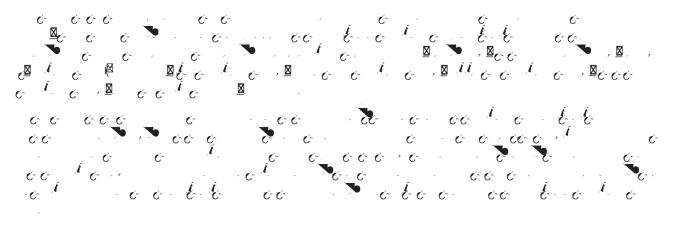
2. Background

2.1 Policy context



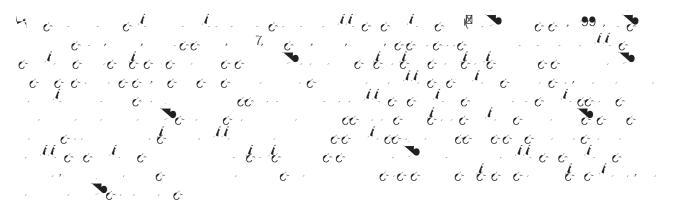


2.2 Literature review

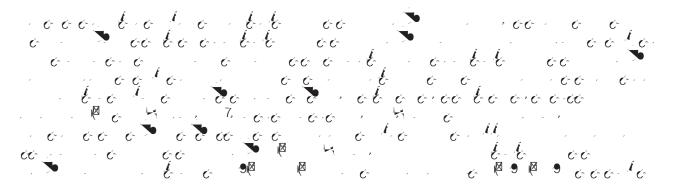


Experiences of people with intellectual disability living in Australia

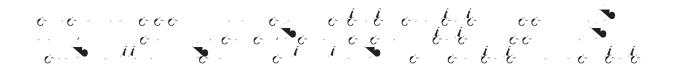
Everyday experiences in supported employment



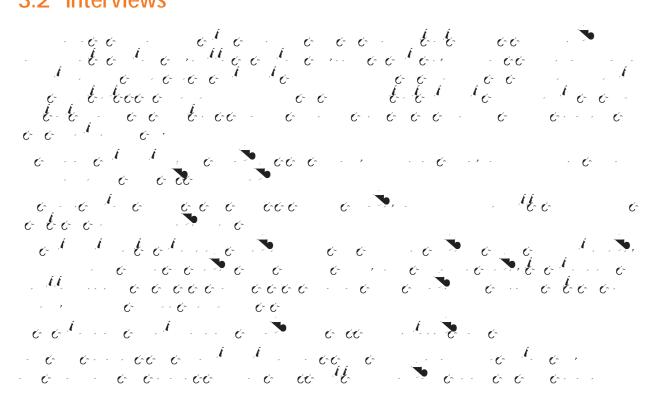
Experiences in and outcomes from social enterprise employment



3. Research methods



3.2 Interviews



3.3 Accessibility

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3.5 Analysis

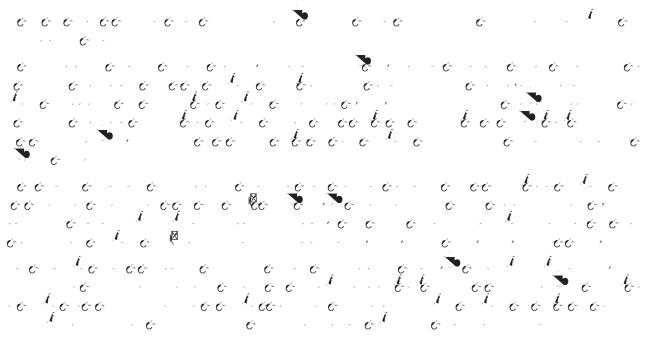


Table 2 Analysis framework



| Outcomes of the employment type | | | | | | |
|---------------------------------|-----------------------|--------------------------------|---|---|--|--|
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4. Research participants



Table 3 Sampling frame

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| | Sub-total | 5 |
| Overall total | | 51 |
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Table 4 Demographic characteristics

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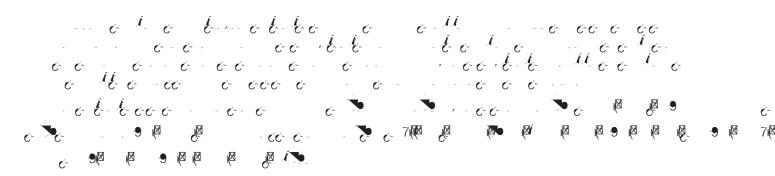
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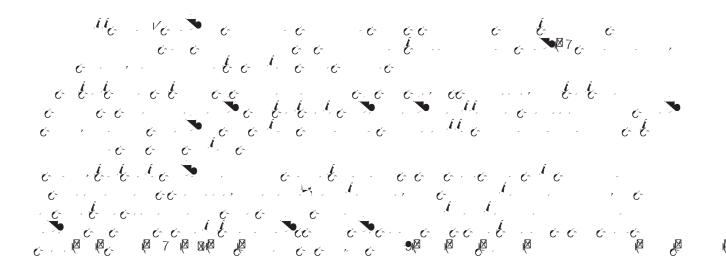
5.1.3 Social enterprise

5.1.4 Work days and hours and use of time o

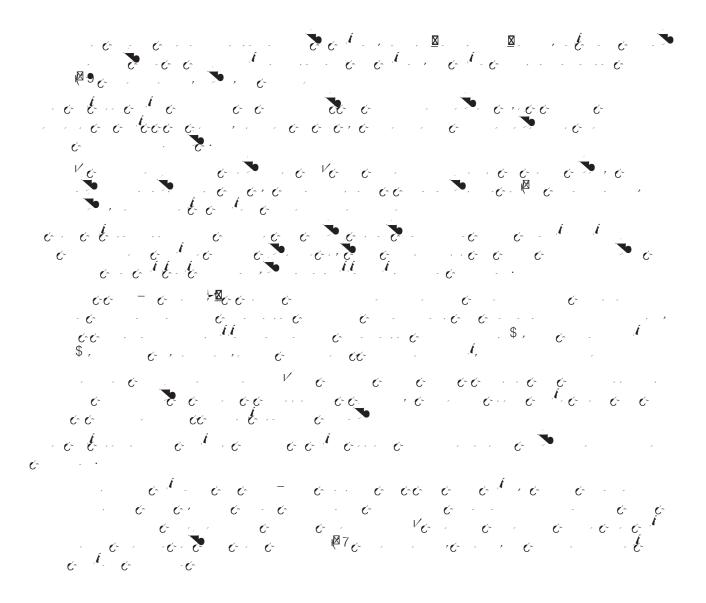
5.2 Choosing employment

5.2.1 Opportunities for choosing employment





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5 Experiences and perceptions of employment

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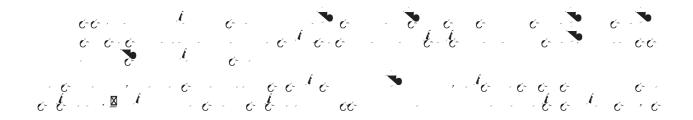


5 Experiences and perceptions of employment

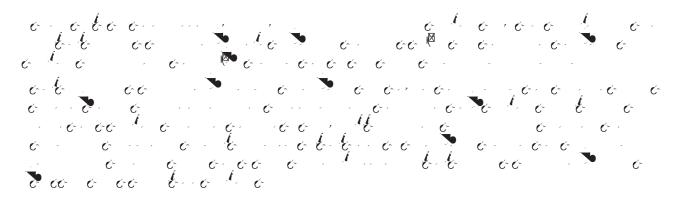
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6. Employment likes, dislikes and outcomes



6.1 Likes and dislikes about employment



Table 5 Ranked likes about employment by employment type

| Open employment | Supported employment | Social enterprises |
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Table 6 Ranked dislikes about employment by employment type

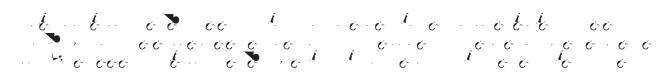
| Open employment | Supported employment | Social enterprises | |
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A comparative study of three employment support models

6.2.5 Personal wellbeing



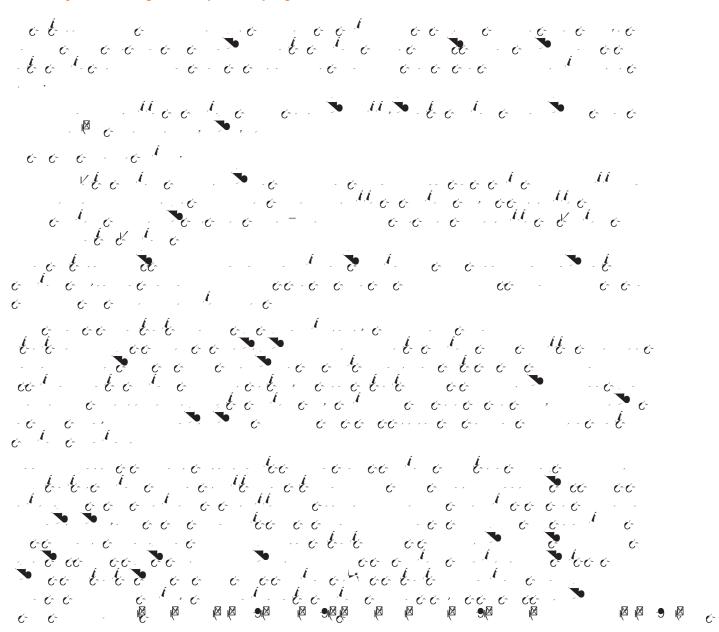
6 Employment likes, dislikes and outcomes

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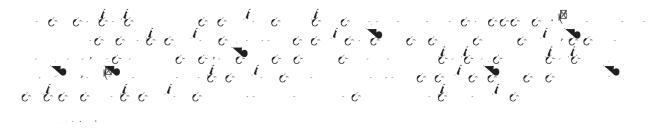
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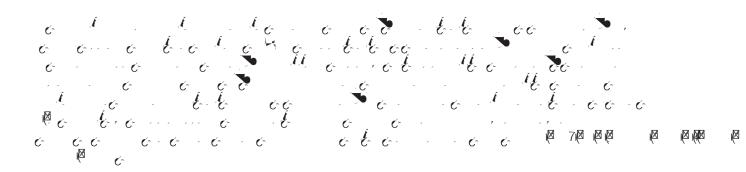
6.6.4 Supported employment was perceived as easier to get into and as o ering more job stability than open employment



7 Major findings and policy implications



There needs to be support available to ensure that people with intellectual disability are making



References

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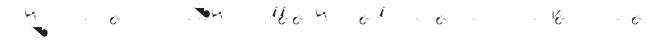
Appendix A: Interview questions

Interview questions for people with intellectual disability who are already working

(1) Employment history

(1a) Current job

Objective details

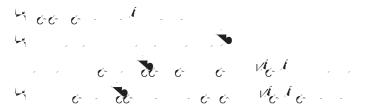


(2) Ideal employment



Interview quetsions for people with intelectual disability who are transitioning to employment

(1) Objective details



(2) Perceptions

(3) Choice

