

# 3

## 1 Word Square

Each of the word squares below contains many words, at least seven, relating to jobs and professions. How quickly can you identify them? Remember you can go in any direction to find them.

Áíà Eá §x ōq  
 Š ¾õ Láo  
 Ā' j 3~ " •  
 .q †@ [Q  
 B È .q C:

Äíà Õ Æ Â ^bv  
 F; X" Š  
 < 1C F: ¾p .q  
 %oÄIØŽ, = -Ž •  
 ^ëv ½õ

ÄIØ<sup>a</sup> %o B F;  
 Ž, = ÁÄâà -Ž  
 = Eá Z Eá  
 P' I ŽC ½õ - •  
 Õ 3~ .q : -Ž

Š Â È §x.q  
 [Q È \*F:  
 " • Eá %o - •  
 †@ Eá Äîß Z Ž,,D  
 Láo ōq

^bv " • ¥¾ žüëv Ž, = -Ž Ž,,D œ  
 ûT ÄIØ ¾p Z Õ  
 Eá Áíà È -Ž Äîß È ÷ • •  
 œ žü ½íà Â ^ëv Š  
 %oÄIØ †@ Â ¾F3

## 2 Word Association

Match the job/profession on the left with the word on the right that is associated with it.

- |     |         |                            |
|-----|---------|----------------------------|
| 1.  | P' j 3~ | ^øq                        |
| 2.  | .q•     | Àov                        |
| 3.  | Uäöãq   | À                          |
| 4.  |         | 3/E                        |
| 5.  | Ž, =-Ž  | 5                          |
| 6.  | ‡@      | UfQ                        |
| 7.  | Ž C     | .qÈ                        |
| 8.  | 3/4ö3~  | ^ Á6                       |
| 9.  | X"      | â)@                        |
| 10. | Â       | .Td[( 0 14.346 Tf 146 )]TJ |

5.. N670[o

### 3 I intend to ...

Make sentences according to the example.

Example

16. Kōka ni shūnen ni waite iru. ⇒                                 .  
*I intend to study Korean next year.*

1. Shōwa ni kōshō ni; Shōwa ni. .

2. 'C' ni wa yasaku iro ni waite iru. .

3. Uchi ni wa kōshi ni. .

4. Waga yaku ni. .

5. 1/2 ni wa kōshi ni. (If you're a man, use 1/2 ni instead.)

6. Kōshi ni. .

7. Kōshi ni. .

8. Kōshi ni. .

9. Kōshi ni. .

10. Kōshi ni. .

### 4 I plan to ...

Now go through the above sentences, this time making sentences using 'I plan to ...'.

### 5 I'm scheduled to ...

Go through the sentences in Exercise 4 again, this time making sentences using 'I'm scheduled to ...'.

### 6 I'm thinking of ...

Go through the sentences in Exercise 4 again, this time making sentences using 'I'm thinking of ...'.

## 7 I was going to, but ...

Let's make a few *longer* sentences. Study the example first, and transform the three sentences in each of the questions below into one long sentence.

### Example

A. P'k" RëV<ö/s „‰ P'pQq y'tSx . (P'n )  
 B. aëÿ Po. Sx X' ʌ# )  
 C. sèj Sx .

Step 1: Combine B and C

\_\_\_\_\_ . (I couldn't go because of the heavy rain.)

Step 2: 'Pre x' A to B + C

\_\_\_\_\_ . (I was going to the mountains with my friends last weekend, but, because of the heavy rain, I couldn't go.)

1. A.-@†'w @@@Qq y'tSx . (P'n )  
 B. ½Ö" T# i P Sx X' ʌ# )  
 C. @ @ y'tSx .
2. A. P'k" RëV< Rëj y'tSx . (P'n )  
 B. Žpq VF; ^ëc Sx X' ʌ# )  
 C. Aó" ð Sx .
3. A. T# ŽûMq Zëj ]ëc ½ÿ @Áià ð Sx . (P'n )  
 B. Ž ½ ½ y'tSx . (D ^ësV< )  
 C. E Ž, ð" [G-Žy'tSx .
4. A. B ½ ½ Qq y'tSx . (P'n )  
 B. °q Sx X' ʌ# )  
 C. i S. • 2 ð Sx .
5. A. N# ÁiM ½ C ÁiM X' @ 5 @ ð Sx . (P'n )  
 B. D S. ^ë- Sx . (D ^ësV< )  
 C. A X' y'tSx .
6. A. T# S8Qq y'tSx . (P'n )  
 B. @7• ^ëÿ Sx . (D ^ësV< )  
 C. sèj Sx .
7. A. ŠNŽ ŠP'q ÁS 5 @ ð Sx . (P'n )  
 B. ŠE S4 ö/s ŠiM V Sx X' ʌ# )  
 C. Š NŽ ŠP'q ÁS V Sx .
8. Žëv ÿ Qq y'tSx . (P'n )  
 B. Ž Á Á' o 7 ió" ð Sx . (-x «t )  
 C. † @ °p" Sx .
9. A. Šùp Ái Š -Ž @ y'tSx . (P'n )  
 B. Šp~ Áó,,q ió"ùp Á Á' Öö ió" ð Sx . (-x «t )  
 C. Á Š -Ž @ .
10. A. Áià" E; Xw ½ ½ Áià ð Sx . (P'n )  
 B. Xw ^ë" Sx . (D ^ësV< )  
 C. < Áià E; X16 i P Sx

### 8 Translation Exercises

Translate the following sentences into English.

1. \ \$ùp 1\; 1\ Šö yÖB .

2. X<XÁíàX" ÁíEátx Áó,,q ìó" Šx .

Šöq aë¥ À,,cÉŠ^ x¼õ1\; ÁŠÖŠx .

4. 1\QSF4 Šv 2ÖŠ ½ ¾ÜöŠZ .

5. T# ŠCNDŽ 1Ö# " ýTŠ X'8 Üö ½ ŽŠx .

ÖÖ½ ¾õ¾õ)ŽID Áó- ŠB .

7. ½ÖID Áó- ŠN,w ÂVùp T# õ Šv ìó"ÖB ?

8. ŠÜv EÄ V;Šx .

9. È V< 1\;Eá aëÖB ?

100Ä ¾õ ÖZ .

9 If you're going to ... then do ...

Assume that your friend says the following sentence. Make suggestions (as a caring friend) according to the example. Note that grammatically you are issuing commands.

Example  
 Your friend says: "Äi Š" .  
 You say: , .

1. TAB Š' Š" .

2. ÄQ V# û Š" .

3. Š" .

4. Š" .

5. Š" .

6. Š" .

7. Š" .

8. Š" .

9. Š" .

10. Š" .

11. Š" .

12. Š" .

## 10 When do we ...?

In pairs, exchange a short conversation for each of the picture cues provided. Your conversation centres around the information about when you would do, use, have, become, etc., as appropriate to the picture cue. Be prepared to exchange a few turns for each conversation.

Example



You: \_\_\_\_\_ ?  
Partner: \_\_\_\_\_ ,

## 11 How did you manage to ...?

This is a conversation exercise in two stages.

Stage 1: Choose a partner and establish which of the following skills and experiences you each have using the structures ... VST() = Se \$x ? and ... VST T# / Bz / ... T# ?