4₽¥○

1 Practising ¥○ (1)

In the dialogue below and Robert are using ¥ to each other.

Let's assume that they are now `close', close enough to use to each other, and rewrite the whole conversation.

¨• :‡´wꝶX" R? 　　　　?
Robert: 36 ÷ 　　Ìó¨ §x .
¨• :‡´wꝶꝶ0ꝶ T? 　?
Robert: N /2 T? ? 　　63 :P´q) §x ?
　　　　　　　　Robert §x . E §x .
　　　　　　　　¨• :^ ½õL7‡´wꝶŠ©XT# 　Ì îÞ §x ‡´wꝶŠ© R?
　　　　　　　　Robert 7- • 　†]@ɴ: ºq §x .
　　　　　　　　¨• : §8 　?]@ɴ<‡´wꝶ´q¥¾M Ìó¨ 2 §x ?
　　　　　　　　Robert: 36 36u ^ë↑ó¨ 2 §x .
　　　　　　　　¨• :‡´wꝶ¥© •: 　　^ §x ?
　　　　　　　　Robert ÷ 　Ìó¨ 2 §x .
　　　　　　　　¨• :‡´wꝶ¥T# 　ê §x ?
　　　　　　　　Robert §x , E §x .

2 Practis R$¥o   (2)

In the dialogue below @   and Àó¨   are talking to each other. Rewrite the whole conversation
us R$¥o   .

```
 -@   : T#ó    ÿ†§x   ?
Àó¨  : T§x    ? ..N#         ÿ§x    .
 -@   : '        ^ë±§x    ?
Àó¨  : W¢n§x  ˆB..              Àó§x    ?
 -@   : 36 ?
Àó¨  : \$Ùþ T#    Àó¨Y‹<  Àó'XT#   Àó¨Y‹ ‡´oV‹   1®   ½¥ÿ†§x  „q
        ¿ßⅠ‹  †]@y‹^ë¡§x  .¿ßⅠ ‡´oVU#     ð⁄s ‰ÆÆćn  §x Zë¡     ½¥
        Ì îÞ§x  .…2⁄‹s       BVˆë¡§x  X⁄s   BⓍ‹   P´jŽB´q[Qc-Žÿ†§x  .
        NŽ‹            ‡´wQ‹T#   ˆ Ìó¨ Ⅼ§x  .1®à      ˆÙþ‹‹
       ÿ†§x  .NŽ     ‡´wP´jŽB´žĕv ÿ†§x  ð⁄s„‰o Zë¡ Žĕv ÿ†§x  .
        Ã ‡´oV‹®©V‹ šPo.§x Àó¨Y‹K$     1®   ½¥ÿ†§x  .…LⒽÒ
   NŽ   ‡‚Ⅼß  V4¥ ÿ†„q „q         12w ‡´oVŒ© §x  .
 -@   :    ,36 .…T# 'Þ¡ ; R©Ⓡ Ì îÞⒷB    !
```

3 Practisℝ¥o (3)

Rewrite the conversation below ℝ¥ng .

-@ : ½õ¨ ℝ¥V&B ?• ¾px,B Vℝ §x ?
Kylie: ¾px,B §x ? ... The Folk Villageℝ¥x ?
-@ : 36 .
Kylie: §x . .:. ½õL7 ¾px,B V<Ùþ T# Ŝ§x5 §x? §xw ?
-@ : û§¾t .
Kylie: 36 ?
-@ Ž, §ℝ¾§x . .:. •Eá ˆÙþ 4«ɥ Eáℤ ¾px,B ˆÙþT̆w
§x ˙:•E|éîß V<Ùþ ¾px,B ˆÙþTw aë¥ ˆÞq§x .
Kylie: ,36 . .:. •Eá ˆÙþ Ȁ ñℤ§x ?
-@ : ₱´oj ‹†N ñℤ§x .
Kylie: ¨ •Eáℤ ¾px,B ˆÙþ§x ?
-@ :W℄n§x ‡,´w‹3ℝt ñℤ¤V§x .
Kylie: ,36 .
-@ : -• , ∝ ℤ" §îⓈ@ ℝⓇ ℷ . 10 ‹†N¾px,B V<s†Ⓡ< ‰
V§x .2, ℙ¾nj §px,B ℤᵈℤ ˆÙþ¨•EáⓈ© ℤ₢ ℷ .
Kylie: 36 , §x .
-@ : ¨ •Eâℝ§¼s ÄîÜ§B ℝ ¡ V§x ?
Kylie: 36 , §B .
-@ : ˆ Áíℤℤà V<Ùℝ ¡ ½ℤ½íℤC .

4   Practising�F¥o   (4)

In pairs, make a conversation�F¥ing   , using the picture of a family tree below. Alternatively, you can use your own family photos.
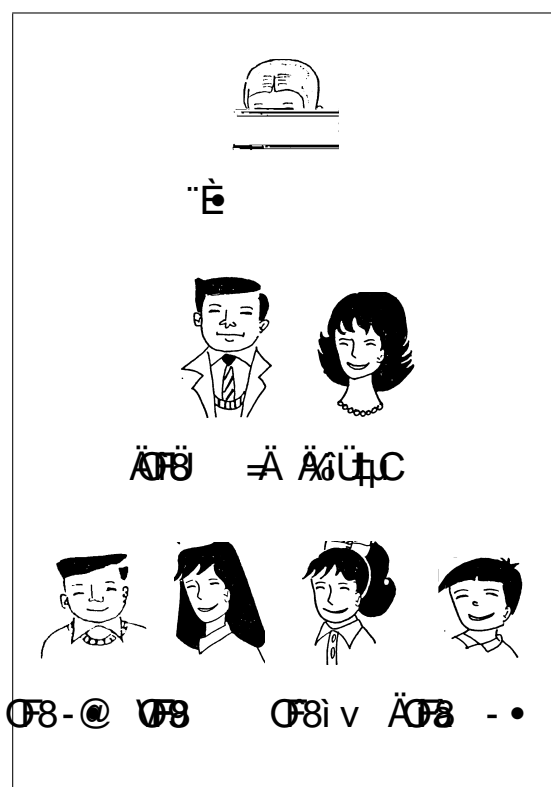
5 Practising (5)

In pairs, make a conversation, using the pictures below. Try to talk about his education history.

1.

2.

3.

4.

5.

6.

7.

8.

9.

10.

11.

6   Find someone who ...

This is a questionnaire about what you did last vacation. Ask in your fellow students the following questions. Write the names of up to three students who answer in the af rmative and write them in the spaces provided. Don't forget to ask follow-up questions wherever possible!

Example
Question: YҎ® J# ^ë¡ Po. T# ?   Answer: Ž¹C ᶍᶀᶀ   ^ë¡ Po. T#.   Question: T#ˆ T# ?   Answer: Ž¹C ¦   ᴬë¨ T# ᶜᶏ ᶙᶈᶄᶐq Zë¡ ^ë¡ Po.ˆ ỤḅL7 , ...

Questions	Student 1	Student 2	Student 3
WENT OVERSEAS (If so, ask where.)			
DIDN'T GO ANYWHERE (If not, why not?)			
WENT SKIING			
WENT TO THE BEACH			
STUDIED (If so, what?)			
READ A BOOK (If so, what was it about?)			
WENT TO A BIG SPORTING EVENT (If so, what was it?)			
SAW A MOVIE			
SAW AN OLD FRIEND FOR THE FIRST TIME IN A LONG WHILE			

7 Practising (8): When I talk to myself ...

When you talk to yourself in Korean, you don't use 요! Assuming that you are talking to yourself, give a Korean equivalent to each of the following sentences below.

1. The weather's very bad today.

2. Let's take a seat.

3. Is English difficult?

4. It isn't an easy matter.

5. Mum and Seon-Yeong's mum were good friends, weren't they.

6. What's the weather like there in Korea now?

7. Don't worry.

8. Are you busy these days?

9. It's very good.

10. Go!

11. The trousers seem a little bit big.

12. Have another go. (Try once again.)

13. The baby looks more like her father than her mother.

14. Surfing is fun but is a little bit difficult.

15. Do I like reading books?

16. No, I don't know how to play baseball.

17. I was going to study Japanese, but because I didn't have any time I decided to drop it.

18. Is someone crying?

19. Did I go anywhere?

20. Put for me two spoons of sugar in it.

8 Practising R$¥o (9): Wow ...

Let's make exclamatory sentences. For each situation below, make one. Remember, when you make an exclamatory sentence, you are doing it to yourself. That is, you are talking to yourself! Also, try using an injection, such as ®, ‰ ℕ# ℕ# , and so on. Number 1 has been done for you as an example.

1. Wow, looking at a little cute puppy.

   ®• Óℤ# !

2. For a bunch of pretty owers ...

3. On a very hot day ...

4. On a very cold day ...

5. Wow, the kimchi was very spicy ...

6. The coffee's too hot!

7. Ouch! You accidently kicked the table leg ...

8. Such a stylish pair of sunglasses. Wow.

9. Frustrated. You seem not to be able to make yourself understood.

10. Exhausted ... After intense running for an hour perhaps?

11. Such an interesting joke! You kept laughed for about fteen minutes!