

Temporary Protection Visas (TPVs) and Safe Haven Enterprise Visas (SHEVs)

Factsheet

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*Temporary Protection Visas and Safe Haven Enterprise Visas are temporary visas available
Australia's protection obligations*

_____ and meet all other visa
requirements, such as health, character, identity and security checks . The TPV was first
introduced in Australia by the Howard Government in October 1999 and abolished by the
Rudd Government in August 2008.

What further visas are available for TPV and SHEV holders?

At the end of the three years for TPV holders and five years for SHEV holders, people are eligible to [reapply](#) for another SHEV or TPV. Applications will be assessed based on the applicant's ongoing need for protection.

From [2 April 2019](#), people applying for subsequent TPVs or SHEVs must apply through the ['fast track'](#) refugee status determination process. This removes access to the Migration and Refugee Division of the Administrative Appeals Tribunal and instead provides a very limited form of review by the Immigration Assessment Authority (IAA). Review through the IAA generally takes place without an interview and no new information is allowed, other than in exceptional circumstances. [Analysis](#) comparing remittal rates for asylum claims at the IAA and AAT



